Serum and tear immunoglobulin levels in acute adenovirus conjunctivitis

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SUMMARY Tear and serum IgG, IgA, and IgM levels were measured in 35 healthy subjects and 31 patients with acute conjunctivitis due to adenovirus 2, 7, and 8 infections. Serum IgG and IgM levels were found to be significantly low and there was no change in the serum IgA level. There was a significant rise in the tear IgG level. A progressive decline in the serum immunoglobulin level with the severity of the disease was observed. The changes in the immunoglobulin levels in serum and tears showed a tendency to reach normal levels with clinical improvement.

Many epidemics of acute viral conjunctivitis have been reported from Asia, Africa, and Europe during the past decade. However, no studies have been reported on the serum and tear immunoglobulin levels in the disease. The present study deals with observations on immunoglobulin levels in serum and tears in patients suffering from acute adenovirus conjunctivitis (acute and remission stages) which occurred in epidemic form during July–August 1981. The findings regarding adenovirus culture and serological titres have been described elsewhere.

Materials and methods

The study was carried out among 35 healthy subjects and 31 virologically confirmed patients with acute adenovirus conjunctivitis attending the outpatient department of Guru Nanak Eye Centre, New Delhi. The control group comprised healthy subjects who had no evidence of ocular or systemic disease and attended the Eye Centre mainly for the purpose of refraction during the same period. In the control group there were 28 males and 7 females, with mean age 32-1 years, and the patients comprised 26 males and 5 females, with mean age 31-1 years. The diagnosis of acute adenovirus conjunctivitis was established by detailed clinical examination, including slit-lamp biomicroscopy, bacterial culture, and specific serological studies. The patients were subgrouped as mild, moderate, and severe according to the intensity of chemosis and congestion. Eighteen cases were due to adenovirus type 8, 5 to adenovirus type 7, and 8 to adenovirus type 2.

The tear samples were collected by the technique described earlier. The samples of tears and serum were stored at −20°C until assayed. The samples were analysed for immunoglobulins by single radial immunodiffusion. Monospecific goat antisera against heavy-chain human IgG, IgA, and IgM and their respective reference standards were obtained from Meloy Laboratories, Virginia, USA. The reference standard of secretory IgA from human colostrum was used for the measurement of IgA level in tears. In 10 patients the samples were collected during the stage of remission when there was no clinical evidence of the disease.

Results

Serum IgG, IgA, and IgM levels in healthy subjects and in patients with acute adenovirus conjunctivitis are given in Table 1. It was observed that there was no significant change in the serum IgA level (p>0-40), while the serum levels of IgG (p<0.001) and IgM (p<0.02) fell significantly in comparison with the levels in healthy subjects.

Table 2 shows the serum IgA, IgG, and IgM levels in mild, moderate, and severe types of acute conjunctivitis. The serum IgA level did not show any change with severity of disease when compared with the level in the healthy subjects (p>0.80, p>0.50, and p>0.20 in mild, moderate, and severe types respectively). However, the serum IgM level showed a significant fall in moderate (p<0.025) and severe
(p<0.001) types of the disease, while its level in the mild type (p>0.95) remained unaltered in comparison with the level in healthy subjects. The serum IgG level showed a significant fall in all types of the disease (p<0.05, p<0.001, and p<0.01 in mild, moderate, and severe types respectively) in comparison with the levels in healthy subjects.

Table 1  Serum immunoglobulins level in mg/dl in normal controls and acute adenovirus conjunctivitis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Immunoglobulins</th>
<th>Normal control</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th>Acute adenovirus conjunctivitis</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mean</td>
<td>SD</td>
<td>Range</td>
<td>Mean</td>
<td>SD</td>
<td>Range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IgA</td>
<td>187.5</td>
<td>91.5</td>
<td>50-475</td>
<td>169.5</td>
<td>71.1</td>
<td>40-274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IgG</td>
<td>1428.0</td>
<td>390.6</td>
<td>890-2100</td>
<td>1464.0</td>
<td>393.2</td>
<td>204-1770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IgM</td>
<td>137.6</td>
<td>60.9</td>
<td>50-225</td>
<td>107.0</td>
<td>48.2</td>
<td>45-283</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SI conversion: mg/dl×10=mg/l.

Table 2  Serum immunoglobulins levels in mg/dl in mild, moderate, and severe types of acute adenovirus conjunctivitis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Types</th>
<th>No. of patients</th>
<th>IgA</th>
<th>SD</th>
<th>IgG</th>
<th>SD</th>
<th>IgM</th>
<th>SD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mild</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>201.3</td>
<td>45.4</td>
<td>1084.0</td>
<td>428.0</td>
<td>142.3</td>
<td>97.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>170.4</td>
<td>74.2</td>
<td>1042.1</td>
<td>374.8</td>
<td>106.8</td>
<td>33.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Severe</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>133.6</td>
<td>71.2</td>
<td>873.8</td>
<td>483.3</td>
<td>69.3</td>
<td>25.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SI conversion: mg/dl×10=mg/l.

Several studies have been reported on the tear immunoglobulin level in normal subjects, but not much information is available on the tear immunoglobulin levels in acute viral conjunctivitis. Sen and Sarin have observed that tear IgA and IgG levels remained unaltered in acute bacterial conjunctivitis. Bluestone et al. studied some patients with miscellaneous eye diseases and found only the IgA level rising in the tears; IgG was detectable and occasionally quantifiable in the tears. Others have found that the tear IgA level remained remarkably constant despite the presence of disease and that the tear IgG level rose in such conditions. The tear IgG level has also been reported as rising in disease of the external eye, and it was suggested that its rise was due to the transudation of serum proteins into the tears. In the present study it was observed that in most of

Table 3  Tear IgG and IgA in mg/dl in mild, moderate, and severe types of acute adenovirus conjunctivitis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Types</th>
<th>IgA</th>
<th>SD</th>
<th>IgG</th>
<th>SD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mild</td>
<td>23.6</td>
<td>18.9</td>
<td>24.1</td>
<td>12.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>19.7</td>
<td>11.8</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>8.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Severe</td>
<td>21.5</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>21.5</td>
<td>10.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SI conversion: mg/dl×10=mg/l.
the patients with acute adenovirus conjunctivitis there was a substantial increase in the tear IgG level.

Our results agree with the findings of others that in inflammation of the eye, regardless of the cause, the tear IgG level rises and IgM may be detected. It is not clear whether the immunoglobulin levels of tears reflect local production, active transport from the blood, transudation from the serum, or some combination of these factors.

Few studies are available on the serum immunoglobulin levels in viral infections. Kelkar et al. studied the serum immunoglobulin level in acute viral hepatitis and found significantly raised serum IgG, IgA, and IgM levels. In another study, in Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada syndrome and pars planitis, no significant alteration in serum IgG, IgA, and IgM was found. In the present study no significant alteration was noted in the serum IgA level in acute adenovirus conjunctivitis, while there was a significant fall in the serum IgG and IgM levels.

The reversal of immunoglobulin levels in tear and serum, as is evident from Figs. 1 and 2, is interesting, and it is obvious that immunoglobulin levels tend to attain the normal level as the disease recedes.

References


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